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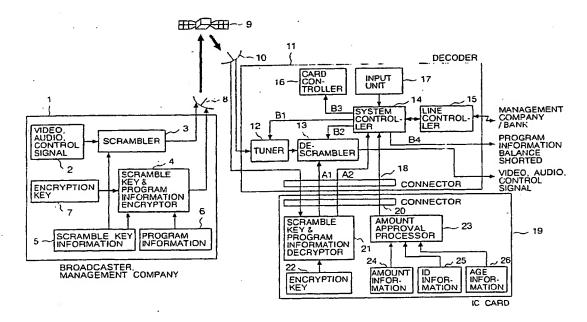
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(54) Electronic purse application system and method thereof

(57) On the basis of information which is the standard for transaction conditions such as amount information in an IC card as well as age information registered

in the IC card or a predetermined contract destination, a transaction when electronic money is used and restrictions and conditions for program audience are automatically set.



Description

The present invention relates to a system and method thereof using the standard information for judging approval or disapproval and conditions of transaction when carrying out transactions using an electronic purse system and more particularly to an electronic purse application system and method thereof having electronic money information as well as age information of an owner in an IC card.

Description of the Prior Art

At present, an alcoholic drink or cigarette vending machine uses cash for clearing. However, when a minor attempts to buy alcoholic drinks or cigarettes, the selling cannot be stopped, so that countermeasures such as stopping of selling at night are taken. In a pay TV broadcast such as CS broadcast or CATV, the charge for a program selected by a TV viewer is withdrawn from a bank using a credit card. Also in this case, countermeasures such as inputting of a code number are taken so as to prevent a child from watching an adult program. However, in either case mentioned above, selling to a minor cannot be prevented perfectly.

On the other hand, as described in Japanese Laid-Open Patent Application 3-92966, a perfect cashless transaction by an electronic purse system using an IC card has been examined. This is a system that if amount information which is optionally designated is written into a memory in an IC card and necessary amount information is sent from the IC card for clearing, the transaction can be completed without using cash.

As digital broadcasting and Internet advance these days, program limiting to minors is an important problem. Also with respect to selling of alcoholic drinks and cigarettes, selling by vending machines at night is stopped at present. However, there is a problem imposed that setting to minors cannot be prevented perfectly. Furthermore, clearing when the amount of charge is different between an adult and a child such as a railroad or bus fare or a theater entrance fee also comes into a problem for automation.

An object of the present invention is to eliminate the difficulties of the prior arts mentioned above and to provide an electronic purse application system and method thereof for allowing appropriate use of electronic money in automatic consideration of restrictions and conditions due to the age of a user and guarantee and discrimination of his status when electronic money is to be used.

By doing this, it is attempted to automatically prevent selling to a minor and a disqualified transaction by discriminating the age information and others at the time of clearing by electronic money.

To accomplish the above object, the present invention is an electronic purse system and a method thereof having an IC card for storing electronic money information and information for giving transaction conditions us-

ing electronic money, wherein the information for giving transaction conditions is read from the IC card by an IC card read/write means, and the approval or disapproval of transaction inputted by an input means for inputting transaction information using electronic money is decided on the basis of the aforementioned read information for giving transaction conditions and the prestored standard information. When the decision is approval, the electronic money information in the IC card is updated by the charge for the transaction on the basis of the information for giving transaction information.

More concretely, the present invention comprises an automatic transaction terminal having an IC card for storing electronic money information, age information such as owner's age or date of birth, and others, an IC card read/write means for reading and writing information of the IC card, an IC card control means for controlling mounting and ejection of the IC card, an input means for selecting a good, a sales amount information storage means for storing electronic money information equivalent to the amount of the good, a good pick up control means for controlling picking-up of the good, and a processing means for judging approval or disapproval of selling of the good.

Only when the age information of the owner of the IC card is equivalent to the age for which the desired good can be sold as a result of judgment by the processing means, the electronic money equivalent to the amount of the good is subtracted from the IC card and stored in the sales amount information storage means and the good is picked up from the automatic transaction terminal by the good pick up control means.

As mentioned above, according to the present invention, by storing electronic money information as well as age information of the owner of an IC card and others in the IC card, it is possible to discriminate this age information at the time of transaction and clear the charge. Therefore, selling of alcoholic drinks or cigarettes to a minor can be prevented. In a pay TV broadcast, when the balance of an IC card of a viewer is shorted or the age of an owner of an IC card is under age limit of a program, the release of scrambling can be stopped automatically. Furthermore, this can be applied also to clearing when the amount of charge is different between an adult and a child such as a railroad or bus fare or a theater entrance fee.

The foregoing and other objects, advantages, manner of operation and novel features of the present invention will be understood from the following detailed description when read in connection with the accompanying drawings.

Fig. 1 shows an embodiment when the present invention is applied to clearing in a pay TV broadcast.

Fig. 2 shows an example of the operation flow on the viewer side when the present invention is applied to clearing in a pay TV broadcast.

Fig. 3 shows an embodiment when the present invention is applied to an alcoholic drink or cigarette vend-

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ing machine.

Fig. 4 shows an example of the operation flow of a customer when the present invention is applied to a alcoholic drinks or cigarette vending machine.

Fig. 5 shows an embodiment when the present invention is applied to a vending machine for admission tickets of a theater or others.

Fig. 6 shows an example of the operation flow of a customer when the present invention is applied to an admission ticket vending machine.

Fig. 7 shows an embodiment that age information in an IC card is updated in the present invention.

Fig. 8 shows an example that data is sent or received between IC cards in the present invention.

Fig. 9 shows another embodiment when the present invention is applied to clearing in a pay TV broadcast.

The embodiments of the present invention will be explained by referring to Figs. 1 to 9.

Fig. 1 shows an embodiment of a pay TV broadcasting system using the present invention, which is a system storing encryption key information for releasing scrambling of video, audio, and control signal and amount information for amount approval in an IC card. By storing age information such as the age or date of birth of an owner and others in the IC card and using age limit information which is sent in a pay TV broadcast at the same time, the system can make the encryption key unusable automatically when the balance is shorted or a child attempts to watch an adult program. As a result, the scrambling is not released and a viewer cannot watch the program.

Numeral 1 indicates a broadcaster and management company, 2 video, audio, and control signal, 3 a scrambler, 4 a scramble key & program information encryptor, 5 a scramble key information storage, 6 a program information storage, 7 an encryption key storage, 8 a transmitting antenna, 9 a communication satellite, 10 a receiving antenna, 11 a decoder, 12 a tuner, 13 a descrambler, 14 a system controller, 15 a line controller, 16 an IC card controller, 17 an input unit, 18 a connector, 19 an IC card, 20 a connector, 21 a scramble key & program information decryptor, 22 an encryption key storage, 23 an account approval processor, 24 an amount information storage, 25 an ID information storage, and 26 an age information storage.

In this embodiment, information is transferred to a viewer from a broadcaster using a communication satellite. However, broadcasting by ground waves such as VHF and UHF or broadcasting using cables such as CATV may be used.

Firstly, a broadcaster and management company will be explained in detail. Video, audio, and control signal to be transferred to a viewer are outputted from a data bank 2 and encrypted by the scrambler 3. In this case, each signal is encrypted by the scramble key stored in the scramble key information storage 5 according to a predetermined rule.

Together with this scramble key, program informa-

tion such as a program guide and contract information stored in the program information storage 6 is encrypted by the scramble key & program information encryptor 4. Also in this case, program information is encrypted by the encryption key stored in the encryption key storage 7 according to a predetermined rule in the case of encryption. When an age limit is included in a program to be sent, the information on age limit is encrypted as the aforementioned program information.

These encrypted data are sent to the communication satellite 9 by the transmitting antenna 8 and resent to a viewer from the communication satellite thereafter.

Next, the viewer side will be explained in detail. When a viewer inserts the IC card 19 into the decoder 11, he can receive services. Firstly, various data sent from the communication satellite are received by the receiving antenna 10 and supplied to the decoder 11. Among them, data encrypted by the scrambler 3 is processed by the tuner 12, while data encrypted by the scramble key & program information encryptor 4 is processed by the scramble key & program information decryptor 21 in the IC card.

In the case of processing by the decryptor 21, data is decrypted by the encryption key stored in the encryption key storage 22 according to a predetermined rule. This encryption key is managed by the management company in a uniform manner, so that a viewer who is not under contract with the management company cannot decrypt data by the decryptor 21.

Among data decrypted by the scramble key & program information decryptor 21, the scramble key information is supplied to the descrambler 13 (a1), while data such as a program guide and contract information is supplied to the system controller 14 (A2) and then outputted from the decoder (B4) and displayed on the TV screen. When there is age limit information in a program, this data is also supplied to the system controller 14 (A2).

When the viewer chooses a program to be watched from the program guide and selects it by the input unit 17, only the program selected by the viewer is extracted by the tuner 12 by a control signal outputted from the system controller 14 (B1) and data is supplied to the descrambler 13. This data is encrypted by the scramble key according to a fixed rule and outputted from the decoder 11, so that the viewer can take pleasure in the selected program on television.

Next, charge approval for program reception will be explained. There is the amount information storage 24 in the IC card 19 and when the viewer agrees with payment from the input unit 17 when the program is selected, the amount of charge is automatically withdrawn from the storage 24 and the electronic money information is sent to the management company and bank via the amount approval processor 23, the system controller 14, and the line controller 15.

When the balance in the IC card is shorted at the time of charge approval, a control signal is supplied to

the system controller 14 from the amount approval processor 23. The data such as an age limit of the selected program is supplied to the system controller 14 from the scramble key & program information decryptor 21 (A2) and the age information of the owner of the IC card stored in the age information storage 26 is supplied to the system controller 14 from the amount approval processor 23 at the same time.

Therefore, when the balance in the IC card is shorted or a program selected by a viewer is under age limit, decryption by the descrambler 13 is automatically prohibited by a control signal (B2) outputted from the system controller 14 and the viewer cannot watch the program. In this case, since the system controller 14 outputs the control signal (B3), the IC card 19 is automatically ejected by the card controller 16 and the processing ends.

Fig. 2 shows the operation flow of the viewer in the aforementioned embodiment. Discharge approval and age limit mentioned above will be explained in detail using it.

When the viewer inserts the IC card 19 into the decoder 11 (Step 101), the program menu is displayed on the TV screen (Step 102). Thereafter, when the viewer selects a program to be watched (Step 103), the amount of charge is displayed on the TV screen (Step 104). When the viewer agrees with payment of the charge (Step 105), the amount of balance in the IC card is read (Step 106). Next, whether the amount of charge can be paid from the amount of balance or not is judged by the amount approval processor 23 (Step 107). If payment is impossible, a display of shortage of balance is outputted from the system controller 14 (Step 115) and then the IC card is ejected (Step 113) and the processing ends.

On the other hand, when payment is possible, the age information in the IC card is read next (Step 108). Thereafter, whether the age of the viewer is under age limit of the selected program or not is judged by the system controller 14 (Step 109). If the age is not under age limit, the balance in the IC card is updated (Step 110) and then the data is decrypted by the descrambler 13 and the scrambling is released (Step 111). If the age is under age limit, an indication that audience is prohibited due to an age limit is displayed on the TV screen (Step 116), and then the IC card is ejected (Step 113), and the processing ends.

When the program ends, a display of whether audience is to be continued or not is outputted on the TV screen (Step 112). If audience is to be continued, the program menu is displayed again (Step 102). If audience is not to be continued, the IC card is ejected (Step 113) and the processing ends.

As mentioned above, in this embodiment, the age information of the owner of the IC card as well as the encryption key information for releasing the scrambling of video, audio, and control signal and the amount information for charge approval are stored in one IC card, so

that when the balance is shorted or the age of the owner of the IC card is under age limit of the program, the release of scrambling can be stopped automatically.

In the aforementioned embodiment, the amount of charge is sent or received between the IC card of a viewer and the IC card of the management company or bank. However, it is possible to set an IC card in the decoder 11 and store sent electronic money in the decoder once. The age limit information of the selected program is sent as program information. However, it may be added to the output signal of the video, audio, and control signal bank 2. In this case, the system has a constitution that only the age limit information among the data outputted from the descrambler 13 is supplied to the system controller 14 and the other video, audio, and control signal are stored in a buffer once and then outputted from the decoder 11. Therefore, when audience is prohibited due to an age limit, by stopping the operation of the buffer by a control signal from the system controller 14, the output from the decoder 11 can be stopped.

Next, an embodiment of a vending machine using the present invention is shown in Fig. 3. Also in this case, a charge is approved by the account information in the IC card. In an alcoholic drink or cigarette vending machine, by using age information of a card owner stored in an IC card, selling to a minor can be stopped automatically.

Numeral 30 indicates an IC card, 31 an account information storage, 32 an ID information storage, 33 an age information storage, 34 an amount approval processor, 35 a connector, 36 a vending machine, 37 a display unit, 38 an input unit, 39 a connector, 40 an amount approval processor, 41 a line controller, 42 a card controller, 43 a sales amount storage, and 44 a goods pick up controller.

An example of a alcoholic drinks vending machine will be explained hereunder. When a customer inserts the IC card 30 into the vending machine 36 and selects a desired good from the input unit 38, the amount of charge is withdrawn from the amount information storage 31 in the IC card and the electronic money information is stored in the sales amount storage 43 in the vending machine. Thereafter, the sales amount is sent to the management company and bank via the line controller 41.

When the balance in the IC card is shorted at the time of charge approval or the age information stored in the age information storage 33 is under age limit of a good, the control signal (A2) is supplied to the goods pick up controller 44, so that the goods pick up is automatically stopped. If this occurs, an indication of transaction stop is displayed on the display unit 37 and the control signal (AI) is also supplied to the card controller 42 at the same time, so that the IC card 30 is automatically ejected from the card controller 42 and the processing ends.

Fig. 4 shows the operation flow of the customer in the aforementioned embodiment. Discharge approval

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and age limit mentioned above will be explained in detail using it.

When the customer inserts the IC card 30 into the vending machine 36 (Step 201) and selects a good to be purchased from the input unit 38 (Step 202), the amount of charge is displayed on the display unit 37 (Step 203). When the customer agrees with payment of the charge (Step 204), the amount of balance in the IC card is read (Step 205). Thereafter, whether the amount of charge can be paid from the read amount of balance or not is judged by the amount approval processor 40 (Step 206). If payment is impossible, a display of shortage of balance is outputted (Step 214) and then the IC card is ejected (Step 212) and the processing ends.

On the other hand, when payment is possible, the age information in the IC card is read next (Step 207). Next, whether the age of the customer is under age limit of the selected good or not is judged by the amount approval processor 40 (Step 208). If the age is not under age limit, the balance in the IC card is updated (Step 209) and the purchased good is picked up (Step 210). If a good is to be purchased continuously thereafter, the customer selects the good once again (Step 202). If no good is to be purchased, the IC card is ejected (Step 212) and the processing ends. If the age is under age limit, an indication that audience is prohibited due to an age limit is displayed (Step 215), and then the IC card is ejected (Step 212), and the processing ends.

By doing this, for example, in an alcoholic drink vending machine, when the balance is shorted or a minor attempts to buy an alcoholic drink, the selling is automatically stopped.

Another embodiment of a vending machine using the present invention is shown in Fig. 5 next. Numeral 45 indicates a ticket issuer.

An admission ticket in a theater or recreation ground is different in the amount of charge between a child and an adult. The present invention can automatically discriminate a visitor and collect the charge. In this embodiment, the IC card 30 is inserted into the vending machine 36 and the amount of charge is cleared. However, also in a system that just by using and passing a non-contact IC card through the gate, the amount of charge is cleared, the present invention can be executed.

Fig. 6 shows the operation flow of the customer in the aforementioned embodiment. Discharge approval mentioned above will be explained in detail using it.

When the customer inserts the IC card 30 into the vending machine 36 (Step 301), the age information 33 in the IC card is read first (Step 302). The amount approval processor 40 calculates the amount of charge to be paid by the card owner from the age information and displays the amount of charge on the display unit 37 (Step 303). When the customer agrees with payment of the displayed charge (Step 304), the amount of balance in the IC card is read next (Step 305).

Thereafter, whether the amount of charge can be paid

from the read amount of balance or not is judged by the amount approval processor 40 (Step 306). If payment is impossible, a display of shortage of balance is outputted (Step 311) and then the IC card is ejected (Step 309) and the processing ends.

On the other hand, when payment is possible, the balance in the IC card is updated (Step 307) and an admission ticket is issued (Step 308). Thereafter, the IC card is ejected (Step 309) and the processing ends.

In the aforementioned embodiment, only one ticket of the owner of the IC card can be purchased. If a plurality of tickets are to be purchased, it is realized by designating the number of tickets from the input unit 38.

Next, an example of updating of the age information in the IC card will be explained by referring to Fig. 7. In the age information storage in the IC card, a concrete age of the owner or information such as teens or twenties is stored. However, to protect the privacy of the owner, the present invention does not store the information of date of birth. On the other hand, to open a bank account, individual information such as date of birth is registered in the bank, so that in the embodiment shown in Fig. 7, the age information in the card is compared and updated at the time of access to the bank.

An example of a case that electronic money is paid in an IC card will be explained. When a customer inserts the card into the ATM of the bank (Step 401) or accesses the bank using the telephone line, a code number is inputted first (Step 402) and the inputted code number is displayed (Step 403). When the customer inputs the amount to be withdrawn from the bank account (Step 404) next, the amount is displayed (Step 405).

Then, the aforementioned code number is compared with the code number registered in the bank (\$406). When they are not matched with each other, the IC card is ejected (\$tep 411) and the processing ends. When they are matched with each other, whether withdrawing from the account is possible or not is judged (\$tep 407). When payment is possible, the balance in the IC card and the balance in the bank account are updated (\$tep 408) and then the age information in the IC card is read (\$tep 409). On the other hand, when payment is impossible, an indication that the account balance is shorted is displayed (\$tep 413) and then the IC card is ejected (\$tep 411) and the processing ends.

When the age information in the IC card is read, comparison with the information of date of birth of the owner registered in the bank starts. Only when correction is necessary, the age information in the IC card is updated (Step 410). Thereafter, the IC card is ejected (Step 411) and the processing ends.

By doing this, the age information of the owner in the IC card is corrected only when the customer accesses the bank. It is possible to store the information of date of birth in an IC card and to compare and update the age always when a customer accesses a device containing a clock such as an ATM in a bank or a POS terminal in a store.

On the other hand, when the age information in an IC card is made updatable as mentioned above, it may be considered that the IC card is falsified dishonestly. Therefore, the age information in an IC card is made unupdatable. However, it is possible to set a term to the IC card itself and update the age information of the owner at the time of updating of the card.

Next, an example of transmitting and receiving of data between IC cards will be explained by referring to Fig. 8. In this case, the basic data such as the ID No. and owner's name and age and amount data such as an amount and encryption information (encryption key) are stored in each IC card. When electronic money is sent or received between IC cards, the aforementioned basic data is exchanged between the paying side and the receiving side first and the customer is ascertained (A). Thereafter, the information such as the remittance of electronic money is encrypted using the encryption key and the encrypted data is sent and received between the paying side and the receiving side (B).

As mentioned above, when an amount is to be sent or received, the age information of an owner is also transmitted always, so that age limit and charge discrimination can be executed automatically on the basis of this age information. It is possible to add the age information to the ID number itself of the IC card without storing the ID number and age data separately as mentioned above.

Finally, another storing method of age information will be explained by referring to Fig. 9. In the embodiments shown in Figs. 1 to 8, the age information of a card owner is stored in the IC card and a customer accesses the IC card and compares the age at the time of transaction. However, it is also possible to store the age information of a card owner in the bank or management company and compare the age information by accessing the bank or management company as required at the time of transaction. In the pay TV broadcasting system shown in Fig. 9, the age information of a card owner is supplied to the line controller 15 from the bank or management company via the line. Thereafter, this age information is supplied to the system controller 14, so that the operation of the descrambler 13 can be stopped as required.

In this case, the individual information of the owner is not stored in the IC card, so that the privacy of the card owner can be protected when the IC card is lost. Furthermore, the information of the card owner can be changed any time, so that it is possible to add various data in addition to the age information of the card owner, prevent dishonest use, for example, in case of card loss, and stop the use of the card immediately when a person put on the blacklist attempts to use the card. It is also possible to store the card use status of every card owner in the bank or management company and thus give various premium services to a customer using the card frequently.

It is also possible to store the kind of license held

by a user and the distinction of sex in place of the age information. By doing this, even a good requiring a specific license for purchase can be transacted by an IC card

According to the present invention, when electronic money information as well as age information of a card owner are stored in an IC card, it is possible to discriminate this age information at the time of transaction and clear the charge.

Therefore, in a pay TV broadcast, when the balance in the IC card of a viewer is shorted or the age of an owner of an IC card is under age limit of a program, the release of scrambling can be stopped automatically. Selling of alcoholic drinks or cigarettes to a minor can be also prevented. Furthermore, the present invention can be applied to clearing of a railroad or bus fare or a theater entrance fee.

Furthermore, by use of status discrimination (guarantee) information in addition to age information, prevention of dishonest use in case of card loss and new individual services by the bank and management company can be made possible.

25 Claims

1. An electronic purse application system comprising:

an IC card for storing electronic money information and information for giving transaction conditions using electronic money: IC card read/write means for reading and writing information stored in said IC card: input means for inputting transaction information using electronic money; means for storing standard information for judging approval or disapproval of transaction desired by an owner of said IC card; means for deciding approval or disapproval of transaction inputted by said input means on the basis of said information for giving transaction conditions which is read by said IC card read/ write means and said standard information stored in said storage means; and means for updating electronic money information in said IC card depending on the charge for said transaction on the basis of said information for giving transaction conditions when said decision by said deciding means is approval.

2. An electronic purse application system comprising:

an IC card for storing electronic money information, an encryption key signal for decrypting encrypted data, and age information; IC card read/write means for reading and writing information stored in said IC card; input means for inputting transaction informa-

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tion using electronic money;

means for storing standard information for judging approval or disapproval of transaction desired by an owner of said IC card;

means for deciding approval or disapproval of transaction inputted by said input means on the basis of said age information which is read by said IC card read/write means and said standard information stored in said storage means; and

means for updating electronic money information in said IC card depending on the charge for said transaction when said decision by said deciding means is approval.

- An electronic purse application system according to Claim 1, wherein said information for giving transaction conditions in said IC card is age information of an owner of said IC card.
- 4. An electronic purse application system according to Claim 1, wherein said standard information stored in said storage means is age information indicating approval or disapproval of a predetermined transaction.
- An electronic purse application system according to Claim 2, wherein said standard information stored in said storage means is age information indicating approval or disapproval of a predetermined transaction.
- An electronic purse application system according to Claim 2, further comprising;

decrypting means for decrypting at least one of video, audio, and control signal constituting a program;

means for decrypting, when a program is selected as a transaction inputted by said input means and the decision by said deciding means is approval, said selected program by said decrypting means on the basis of said encryption key signal; and

means for subtracting the charge for said program selection from said electronic money information in said IC card.

- 7. An electronic purse application system according to Claim 3, wherein when said age information of said owner of said IC card indicates a transactable age, said electronic money information in said IC card is updated depending on the charge for said transaction.
- 8. An electronic purse application system comprising:

an IC card for storing electronic money infor-

mation, an encryption key signal for decrypting encrypted data, and age information;

IC card read/write means for reading and writing information stored in said IC card;

input means for inputting transaction information using electronic money;

a decoder for decrypting at least one of video, audio, and control signal constituting a program;

a center device connected to said decoder via a public circuit network.

storage means in said center device for storing standard information for judging approval or disapproval of audience of a program selected by an owner of said IC card;

means for deciding approval or disapproval of audience of said program selected by said input means on the basis of said age information which is read by said IC card read/write means and said standard information stored in said center device;

means for decrypting said selected program by said decoder on the basis of said encryption key signal when said decision by said deciding means is approval; and

means for subtracting the charge for said selected program from said electronic money information in said IC card.

- An electronic purse application system according to Claim 8, wherein when said standard information stored in said center device is age information indicating approval or disapproval of audience of a predetermined program and said age information of said owner of said IC card indicates an age capable of audience of said program, said electronic money information in said IC card is subtracted depending on the charge for said selected program.
- 40 10. An electronic purse application system comprising:

an IC card for storing electronic money information and information for giving transaction conditions using electronic money;

IC card read/write means for reading and writing information stored in said IC card;

input means for selecting a good to be purchased using electronic money;

goods pick up controller for controlling picking up of said good;

price information storage means for storing selling price information of said good;

means for storing standard information for judging approval or disapproval of selling of a good desired by an owner of said IC card;

means for deciding approval or disapproval of selling of said good selected by said input means on the basis of said information for giv-

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ing transaction conditions which is read by said IC card read/write means and said standard information stored in said storage means; means for picking up said selected good by said goods pick up controller when said decision by said deciding means is approval; and means for subtracting the selling price of said picked- up good from said electronic money information in said IC card.

- 11. An electronic purse application system according to Claim 10, wherein when said standard information stored in said storage means is age information indicating approval or disapproval of selling of a predetermined good and said age information of said owner of said IC card who selects said good indicates an age capable of selling of said good, the selling price of said selected good is subtracted from said electronic money information in said IC card.
- 12. An electronic purse application system comprising:

an IC card for storing electronic money information and information for giving transaction ²⁵ conditions using electronic money;

IC card read/write means for reading and writing information stored in said IC card;

input means for selecting a ticket to be purchased using electronic money;

ticket issue control means for controlling issue of said ticket;

ticket issue charge processing means for calculating an issue charge of said ticket;

means for storing standard information for calculating an issue charge of a ticket desired by an owner of said IC card;

means for deciding a selling price of said ticket selected by said input means on the basis of said information for giving transaction conditions which is read by said IC card read/write means and said standard information stored in said storage means; and

means for subtracting said decided selling price of said ticket from said electronic money information in said IC card.

- 13. An electronic purse application system according to Claim 12, wherein said standard information stored in said storage means is age information for deciding a selling price of a predetermined ticket and said selling price of said ticket is subtracted from said electronic money information in said IC card on the basis of said age information of said owner of said IC card who selects said ticket and said standard information.
- 14. An electronic purse application system according to

Claim 1, wherein said standard information stored in said storage means is at least one attribute information of said owner of said IC card.

- 5 15. An electronic purse application system according to Claim 14, wherein said attribute information is the date of birth of said owner of said IC card.
 - 16. An electronic purse application system according to Claim 1, wherein said standard information stored in said storage means is information indicating whether transaction desired by said owner of said IC card is legal or not.
- 15 17. An electronic purse application system according to Claim 1, wherein said standard information is stored in said IC card.
- 18. An electronic purse use method in an electronic purse system having an IC card for storing electronic money information and information for giving transaction conditions using electronic money comprising:

a step of reading said information for giving transaction conditions from said IC card by IC card read/write means;

a step of deciding approval or disapproval of transaction inputted by input means for inputting said transaction information using electronic money on the basis of said information for giving transaction conditions which is read by said reading step and prestored standard information; and

a step of updating said electronic money information in said IC card depending on the charge for said transaction on the basis of said information for giving transaction conditions when the decision by said deciding step is approval.

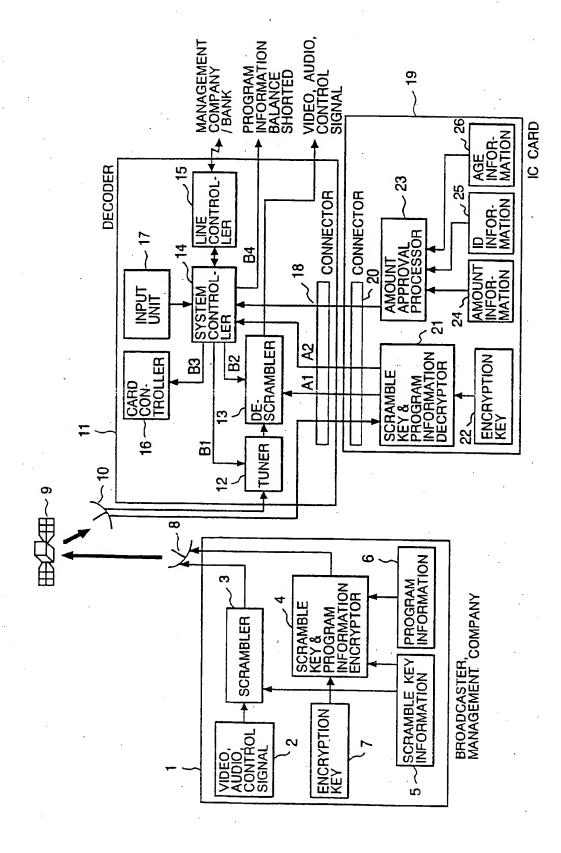
- 19. An electronic purse use method in an electronic purse system having an IC card for storing electronic money information, an encryption key signal for decrypting encrypted data, and age information comprising:
 - a step of reading said information for giving transaction conditions from said IC card by IC card read/write means;

a step of deciding approval or disapproval of transaction inputted by input means for inputting said transaction information using electronic money on the basis of said age information which is read by said reading step and prestored standard information, and

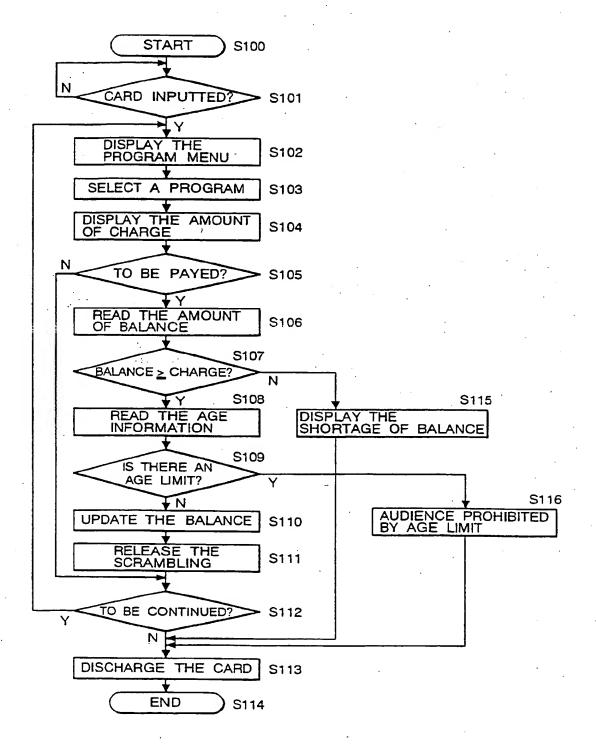
a step of updating said electronic money information in said IC card depending on the charge for said transaction when the decision by said

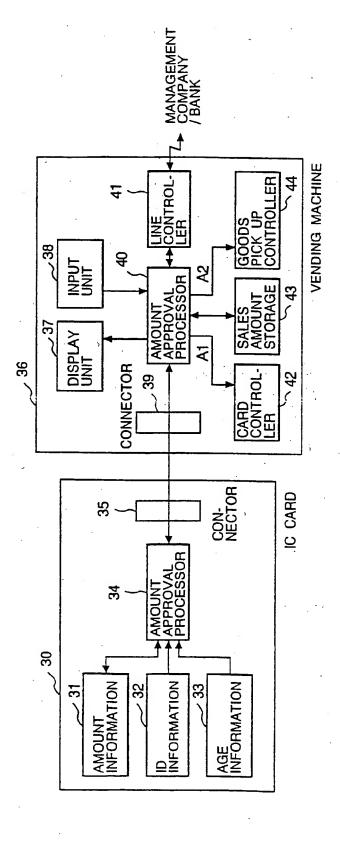
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deciding step is approval.

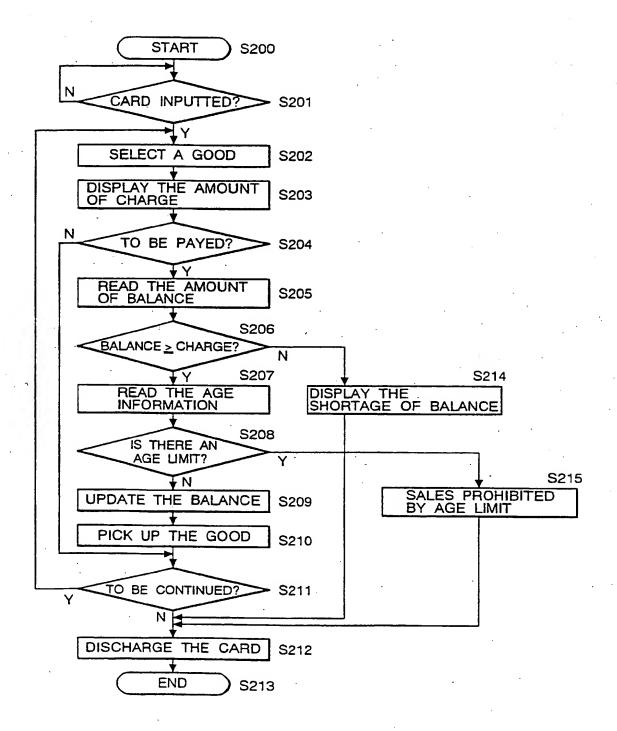


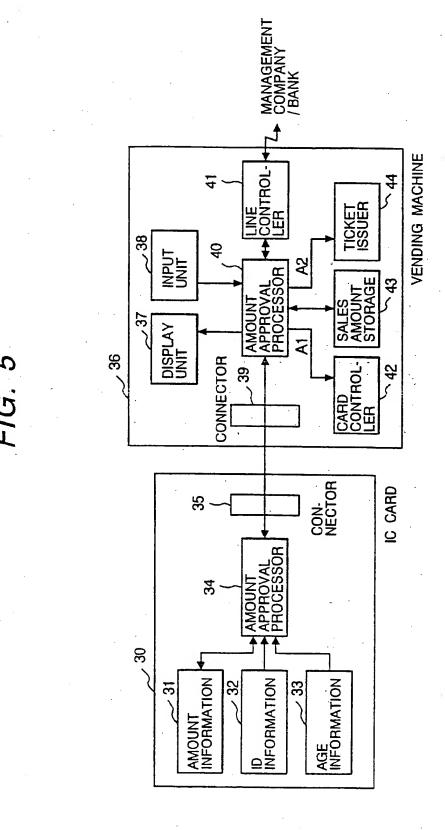
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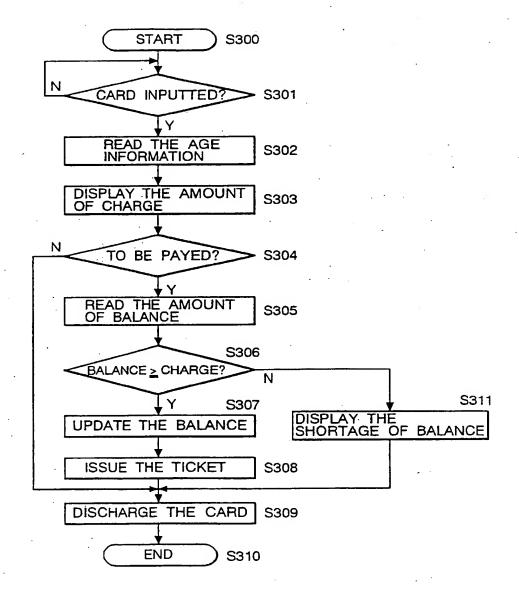




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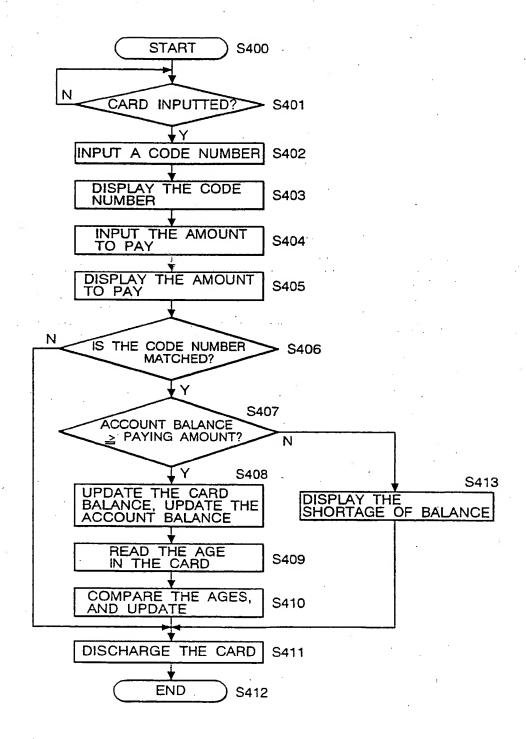
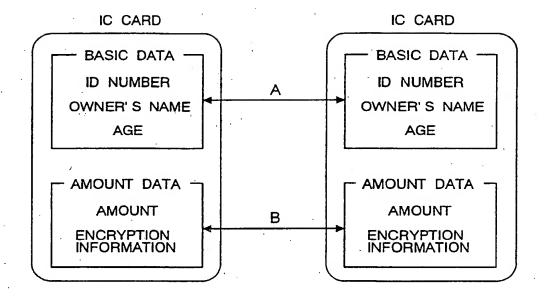
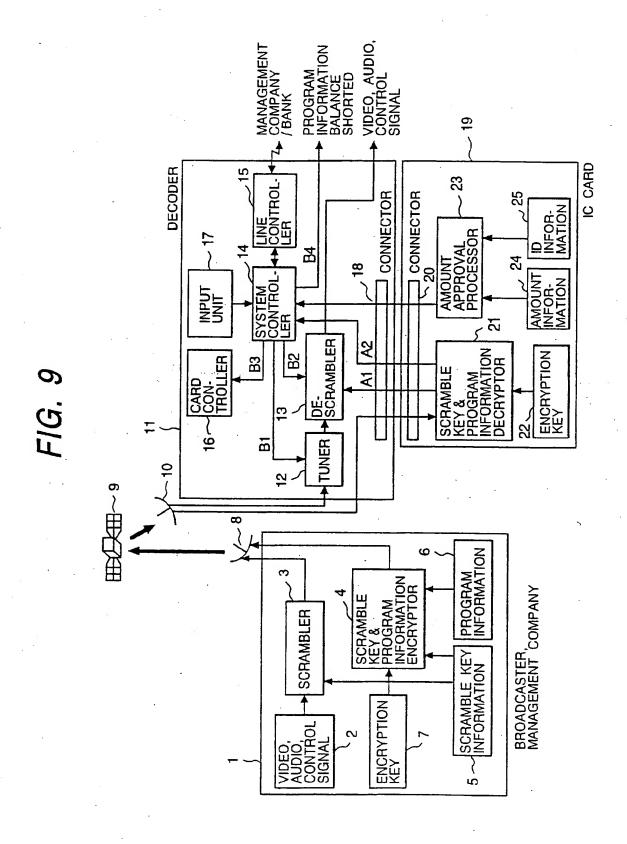


FIG. 8





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EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number EP 97 30 4124

Category	Citation of document with of relevant pass	indication, where appropriate,	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.CI.6)
х	EP 0 640 945 A (AT 1 March 1995 (1995 * column 2, line 3 * column 4, line 2 * column 14, line 4 * column 22, line 4 *	& T CORP)	1,3,18	G07F7/08 G07F7/10
А	*		14,16	
Α .	WO 94 16416 A (SPE JOHANNES W G (NL)) 21 July 1994 (1994 * page 1, line 6 - * page 1, line 33 * page 2, line 29 * page 4, line 13 * page 5, line 12 * page 8, line 3 -	page 1, line 12 * - page 2, line 19 * - page 3, line 37 * - page 4, line 29 * - page 6, line 17 *	1,3,7,14,16,18	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.6)
E	* column 4, line 3		1	G07F H04N
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	The present search report has	been drawn up for all claims	 	
	Place of search	Date of completion of the search	A	Examirer
X : part Y : part docu A : tech	MUNICH ATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS icularly relevant if taken alone icularly relevant if combined with anounce to the same category inological backgroundwritten disclosure	E : earlier patent do after the filing bit ther D : document cited L : document cited	le underlying the it current, but publis the in the application for other reasons	shed on, or

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EP 0 813 173 A3

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(88) Date of publication A3: 14.06.2000 Bulletin 2000/24

(51) Int Cl.7: **G07F 7/08**, G07F 7/10

(43) Date of publication A2:17.12.1997 Bulletin 1997/51

(21) Application number: 97304124.7

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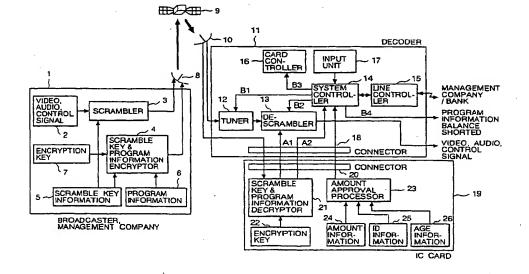
 (74) Representative: Calderbank, Thomas Roger et al MEWBURN ELLIS York House
 23 Kingsway London WC2B 6HP (GB)

(54) Electronic purse application system and method thereof

(57) On the basis of information which is the standard for transaction conditions such as amount information in an IC card as well as age information registered

in the IC card or a predetermined contract destination, a transaction when electronic money is used and restrictions and conditions for program audience are automatically set.

FIG. 1



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LACK OF UNITY OF INVENTION SHEET B

Application Number

EP 97 30 4124

The Search Division considers that the present European patent application does not comply with the requirements of unity of invention and relates to several inventions or groups of inventions, namely:

1. Claims: 1, 3, 4, 7, 14-18

Electronic purse application system and electronic purse use method wherein approval or disapproval of a transaction inputted by input means is decided on the basis of information for giving transaction conditions read from an IC card and standard information stored in storage means and electronic money information in the IC card is updated depending on the charge for said transaction on the basis of the information for giving transaction conditions when the decision by the deciding means is approval.

2. Claims: 2, 5, 6, 19

Electronic purse application system and electronic purse use method wherein approval or disapproval of a transaction inputted by input means is decided on the basis of age information read from an IC card and standard information stored in storage means and electronic money information in the IC card is updated depending on the charge for said transaction when the decision by the deciding means is approval, the IC card also storing an encryption key signal for decrypting encrypted data.

3. Claims: 8, 9

Electronic purse application system having an IC card for storing an encryption key signal for decrypting encrypted data and age information, a decoder for decrypting at least one of video, audio, and control signal constituting a program, storage means in a center device for storing standard information for judging approval or disapproval of audience of a program selected by an owner of said IC card, means for deciding approval or disapproval of audience of said program selected by said input means on the basis of said age information read from the card and said standard information, means for decrypting said selected program by said decoder on the basis of said encryption key signal when said decision by said deciding means is approval and means for subtracting the charge for said selected program from said electronic money information in said IC card.

4. Claims: 10,11

An electronic purse application system having goods pick up controller for controlling picking up of a good selected by input means, price information storage means for storing selling price information of said good, means for deciding approval or disapproval of selling said selected good on the



LACK OF UNITY OF INVENTION SHEET B

Application Number

EP 97 30 4124

The Search Division considers that the present European patent application does not comply with the requirements of unity of invention and relates to several inventions or groups of inventions, namely:

basis of information for giving transaction conditions read from an IC card and standard information stored in storage means, means for picking up said selected good by said goods pick up controller when said decision by said deciding means is approval and means for subtracting the selling price of said picked up good from electronic money information stored in said IC card.

5. Claims: 12, 13

Electronic purse application system comprising input means for selecting a ticket to be purchased, ticket issue control means for controlling issue of said ticket, ticket issue charge processing means for calculating an issue charge of said ticket, means for storing standard information for calculating an issue charge of a ticket desired by an owner of said card, means for deciding a selling price of said ticket selected by said input means on the basis of information for giving transaction conditions read from an IC card and said standard information stored in said storage means, and means for subtracting said decided selling price of said ticket from said electronic money information in said IC card.

ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.

EP 97 30 4124

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report. The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

31-01-2000

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For more details about this annex see Official Journal of the European Patent Office, No. 12/82

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